

ANNUAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

School Directory

Ministry Number:

1248

Principal:

Sue Dawson

School Address:

145 Rowandale Avenue, Manurewa, Auckland 2102

School Phone:

09 237 6671

School Email:

principal@clendonpark.school.nz

Accountant / Service Provider:

Schooled Limited

Clendon Park School

Members of the Board

For the year ended 31 December 2024

Name	Position	How Position Gained	Term Expires
Wayne Bennett	Presiding Member	ex Officio	September 2025
Sue Dawson	Principal	Re-elected September 2022	September 2025
Peni Turner	Treasurer	Re-elected September 2022	September 2025
Talia Brown	Parent Representative	Re-elected September 2022	September 2025
Alisi Dickson	Parent Representative	Elected September 2022	September 2025
Ale Tairua	Parent Representative	Re-elected September 2022	September 2025
Desmond Moemoe	Staff Representative	Re-elected September 2022	September 2025

CLENDON PARK SCHOOL

Annual Financial Statements - For the year ended 31 December 2024

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Clendon Park School

Statement of Responsibility

For the year ended 31 December 2024

The Board accepts responsibility for the preparation of the annual financial statements and the judgements used in these financial statements.

The management (including the Principal and others, as directed by the Board) accepts responsibility for establishing and maintaining a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the integrity and reliability of the School's financial reporting.

It is the opinion of the Board and management that the annual financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2024 fairly reflects the financial position and operations of the School.

The School's 2024 financial statements are authorised for issue by the Board.

Wayne Benett- Full Name of Presiding Member	Surganne Oawson Full Name of Principal
Signature of Presiding Member	Signature of Principal
23/5/25 Date:	23.05.25 Date:

Clendon Park School Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense

For the year ended 31 December 2024

	Notes	2024 Actual \$	2024 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2023 Actual \$
Revenue				
Government Grants	2 3	7,916,529	6,596,778	7,352,536
Locally Raised Funds	3	58,940	69,970	57,109
Interest		220,974	133,340	181,366
Gain on Sale of Property, Plant and Equipment		40,059	-	11,652
Total Revenue	•	8,236,502	6,800,088	7,602,663
Expense				
Locally Raised Funds	3	33,774	24,500	43,821
Learning Resources	4	4,897,401	4,821,912	4,327,140
Administration	5	1,149,254	374,142	1,054,309
Interest		2,451	3,710	2,748
Property	6	1,698,815	1,577,101	1,499,095
Loss on Disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment		2,777	-	2,050
Total Expense	•	7,784,472	6,801,365	6,929,163
Net Surplus / (Deficit) for the year		452,030	(1,277)	673,500
Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expense		-	•	_
Total Comprehensive Revenue and Expense for the Year		452,030	(1,277)	673,500

The above Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.

Clendon Park School Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity For the year ended 31 December 2024

For the year ended 31 December 2024	Notes	2024 Actual \$	2024 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2023 Actual \$
Equity at 1 January	-	7,445,853	7,445,855	6,772,353
Total comprehensive revenue and expense for the year Contribution - Furniture and Equipment Grant		452,030 27,791	(1,277) -	673,500 -
Equity at 31 December	-	7,925,674	7,444,578	7,445,853
Accumulated comprehensive revenue and expense		7,925,674	7,444,578	7,445,853
Equity at 31 December	_	7,925,674	7,444,578	7,445,853

The above Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.

Clendon Park School Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2024

		2024	2024	2023 Actual \$
	Notes	Notes Actual	Budget (Unaudited) \$	
	Notes	\$		
Current Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	7	481,962	5,483	1,402,157
Accounts Receivable	8	418,001	372,925	472,266
GST Receivable		47,127	31,001	31,001
Prepayments		25,243	46,570	46,570
Inventories	9	5,547	2,705	2,705
Investments	10	3,691,224	3,355,126	2,635,354
Funds Receivable for Capital Works Projects	16	2,788	-	-
	-	4,671,892	3,813,810	4,590,053
Current Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	12	531,538	396,545	388,014
Revenue Received in Advance	13	-	•	8,534
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	14	2,887	2,887	6,736
Finance Lease Liability	15	14,070	16,770	12,927
Funds held for Capital Works Projects	16	•	•	17,660
	_	548,495	416,202	433,871
Working Capital Surplus/(Deficit)		4,123,397	3,397,608	4,156,182
Non-current Assets				
Property, Plant and Equipment Work in Progress	11	3,901,175	4,149,752	3,268,050 106,437
WORK III T TOGTOGS		3,901,175	4,149,752	3,374,487
Non-current Liabilities				
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	14	88,744	93,915	71,379
Finance Lease Liability	15	10,154	8,867	13,437
	-	98,898	102,782	84,816
Net Assets		7,925,674	7,444,578	7,445,853
	<u>.</u>	7,005,071	7 444 570	7 445 050
Equity	_	7,925,674	7,444,578	7,445,853

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.

Clendon Park School Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 31 December 2024

	2024	2024	2023
Note	Actual	Budget	Actual
11016	\$	(Unaudited) \$	\$
Cash flows from Operating Activities			
Government Grants	2,448,491	2,759,732	2,758,753
Locally Raised Funds	58,940	69,970	57,254
Goods and Services Tax (net)	(16,126)	(10,192)	(10,192)
Payments to Employees	(826,704)	(846,882)	(524,373)
Payments to Suppliers	(859,411)	(944,041)	(1,478,213)
Interest Paid	(2,451)	(3,710)	(2,748)
Interest Received	228,378	98,568	146,594
Net cash from/(to) Operating Activities	1,031,117	1,123,445	947,075
Cash flows from Investing Activities			
Proceeds from Sale of Property Plant & Equipment (and Intangibles)	62,851	•	9,602
Purchase of Property Plant & Equipment (and Intangibles)	(910,755)	(1,124,350)	(380,596)
Proceeds from Sale of Investments	21,952	•	36,943
Net cash from/(to) Investing Activities	(825,952)	(1,124,350)	(334,051)
Cash flows from Financing Activities			
Furniture and Equipment Grant	27,791	•	-
Finance Lease Payments	(14,825)	1,461	(4,778)
Funds Administered on Behalf of Other Parties	(20,446)	•	11,334
Net cash from/(to) Financing Activities	(7,480)	1,461	6,556
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	197,685	556	619,580
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 7	284,277	4,927	223,637
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year 7	481,962	5,483	843,217

The Statement of Cash Flows records only those cash flows directly within the control of the School. This means centrally funded teachers' salaries, use of land and buildings grant and expense and other notional items have been excluded.

The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.

Clendon Park School **Notes to the Financial Statements** For the year ended 31 December 2024

1. Statement of Accounting Policies

a) Reporting Entity

Clendon Park School (the School) is a Crown entity as specified in the Crown Entities Act 2004 and a School as described in the Education and Training Act 2020. The Board is of the view that the School is a public benefit entity for financial reporting purposes.

b) Basis of Preparation

Reporting Period

The financial statements have been prepared for the period 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024 and in accordance with the requirements of the Education and Training Act 2020.

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, and the accounting policies have been consistently applied throughout the period.

Financial Reporting Standards Applied

The Education and Training Act 2020 requires the School, as a Crown entity, to prepare financial statements with reference to generally accepted accounting practice. The financial statements have been prepared with reference to generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand, applying Public Sector Public Benefit Entity (PBE) Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime as appropriate to public benefit entities that qualify for Tier 2 reporting. The School is considered a Public Benefit Entity as it meets the criteria specified as 'having a primary objective to provide goods and/or services for community or social benefit and where any equity has been provided with a view to supporting that primary objective rather than for financial return to equity holders'.

PBE Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime

The School qualifies for Tier 2 as the School is not publicly accountable and is not considered large as it falls below the expense threshold of \$33 million per year. All relevant reduced disclosure concessions have been taken.

Measurement Base

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis unless otherwise noted in a specific accounting policy.

Presentation Currency

These financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars, rounded to the nearest dollar.

Specific Accounting Policies

The accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

Critical Accounting Estimates And Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

Cyclical maintenance

The School recognises its obligation to maintain the Ministry's buildings in a good state of repair as a provision for cyclical maintenance. This provision relates mainly to the painting of the School buildings. The estimate is based on the School's best estimate of the cost of painting the School and when the School is required to be painted, based on an assessment of the School's condition. During the year, the Board assesses the reasonableness of its painting maintenance plan on which the provision is based. Cyclical maintenance is disclosed at note 14.

Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The School reviews the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting date. The School believes that the estimated useful lives of the property, plant and equipment, as disclosed in the significant accounting policies, are appropriate to the nature of the property, plant and equipment at reporting date. Property, plant and equipment is disclosed at note 11.

Critical Judgements in applying accounting policies

Management has exercised the following critical judgements in applying accounting policies:

Determining whether a lease is a finance lease or an operating lease requires judgement as to whether the lease transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the School. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to the lessee. In contrast, an operating lease is a lease that does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset to the lessee.

Judgement is required on various aspects that include, but are not limited to, the fair value of the leased asset, the economic life of the leased asset, whether or not to include renewal options in the lease term, and determining an appropriate discount rate to calculate the present value of the minimum lease payments. Classification as a finance lease means the asset is recognised in the statement of financial position as property, plant, and equipment, whereas for an operating lease no such asset is recognised. Finance lease liability disclosures are contained in note 15. Future operating lease commitments are disclosed in note 20.

Recognition of grants

The School reviews the grants monies received at the end of each reporting period and whether any require a provision to carry forward amounts unspent. The School believes all grants received have been appropriately recognised as a liability if required. Government grants are disclosed at note 2.

c) Revenue Recognition

Government Grants

The School receives funding from the Ministry of Education. The following are the main types of funding that the School receives:

Operational grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, which is in the year that the funding is received.

Teachers salaries grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the salary period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly to teachers by the Ministry of Education.

Other Ministry Grants for directly funded programs are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly by the Ministry of Education.

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown and managed by the Ministry of Education on behalf of the Crown. Grants for the use of land and buildings are not received in cash by the School as they equate to the deemed expense for using the land and buildings which are owned by the Crown. The School's use of the land and buildings as occupant is based on a property occupancy document as gazetted by the Ministry. The expense is based on an assumed market rental yield on the value of land and buildings as used for rating purposes.

This is a non-cash revenue that is offset by a non-cash expense. The use of land and buildings grants and associated expenditure are recorded in the period the School uses the land and buildings.

Other Grants where conditions exist

Other grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, unless there are unfulfilled conditions attached to the grant, in which case the amount relating to the unfulfilled conditions is recognised as a liability and released to revenue as the conditions are fulfilled.

Donations, Gifts and Bequests

Donations, gifts and bequests are recognised as an asset and revenue when the right to receive funding or the asset has been established unless there is an obligation to return funds if conditions are not met. If conditions are not met, funding is recognised as revenue in advance and recognised as revenue when conditions are satisfied.

Interest Revenue earned on cash and cash equivalents and investments is recorded as revenue in the period it is earned.

d) Finance Lease Payments

Finance lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term on an effective interest basis.

e) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, bank balances, deposits held at call with banks, and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less, and bank overdrafts. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents represent fair

f) Accounts Receivable

Short-term receivables are recorded at the amount due, less an allowance for expected credit losses (uncollectable debts). The School's receivables are largely made up of funding from the Ministry of Education. Therefore the level of uncollectable debts is not considered to be material. However, short-term receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery.

g) Inventories

Inventories are consumable items held for sale and are comprised of stationery and school uniforms. They are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a first in, first out basis. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of activities less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Any write down from cost to net realisable value is recorded as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense in the period of the write down.

h) Investments

Bank term deposits are initially measured at the amount invested. Interest is subsequently accrued and added to the investment balance. A loss allowance for expected credit losses is recognised if the estimated loss allowance is material.

i) Property, Plant and Equipment

Land and buildings owned by the Crown are excluded from these financial statements. The Board's use of the land and buildings as 'occupant' is based on a property occupancy document.

Improvements (funded by the Board) to buildings owned by the Crown or directly by the Board are recorded at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost or, in the case of donated assets, fair value at the date of receipt, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost or fair value, as the case may be, includes those costs that relate directly to bringing the asset to the location where it will be used and making sure it is in the appropriate condition for its intended use.

Gains and losses on disposals (i.e. sold or given away) are determined by comparing the proceeds received with the carrying amounts (i.e. the book value). The gain or loss arising from the disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

Finance Leases

A finance lease transfers to the lessee substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset, whether or not title is eventually transferred. At the start of the lease term, finance leases are recognised as assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position at the lower of the fair value of the leased asset or the present value of the minimum lease payments. The finance charge is charged to the surplus or deficit over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. The amount recognised as an asset is depreciated over its useful life. If there is no reasonable certainty whether the School will obtain ownership at the end of the lease term, the asset is fully depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and its useful life.

Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment except for library resources are depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight line basis. Library resources are depreciated on a diminishing value basis. Depreciation of all assets is reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The estimated useful lives of the assets are:
Building Improvements
Furniture and Equipment
Information and Communication Technology
Motor Vehicles
Leased Assets held under a Finance Lease
Library Resources

20-40 years 10 years 5 years 5 years Term of Lease 12.5% Diminishing value

j) Impairment of property, plant, and equipment

The School does not hold any cash generating assets. Assets are considered cash generating where their primary objective is to generate a commercial return.

Non cash generating assets

Property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets held at cost that have a finite useful life are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If such indication exists, the School estimates the asset's recoverable service amount. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount. The recoverable service amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

Value in use is determined using an approach based on either a depreciated replacement cost approach, restoration cost approach, or a service units approach. The most appropriate approach used to measure value in use depends on the nature of the impairment and availability of information.

In determining fair value less costs to sell, the School engages an independent valuer to assess market value based on the best available

If an asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount, the asset is regarded as impaired and the carrying amount is written down to the recoverable amount. The total impairment loss is recognised in surplus or deficit.

The reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in surplus or deficit. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable service amount since the last impairment loss was recognised.

k) Accounts Payable

Accounts Payable represents liabilities for goods and services provided to the School prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. Accounts Payable are recorded at the amount of cash required to settle those liabilities. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

I) Employee Entitlements

Short-term employee entitlements

Employee entitlements that are expected to be settled within 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employees provide the related service are measured based on accrued entitlements at current rates of pay. These include salaries and wages accrued up to balance date and annual leave earned, by non teaching staff, but not yet taken at balance date.

Long-term employee entitlements

Employee benefits that are not expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employee provides the related service, such as retirement and long service leave, have been calculated on an actuarial basis.

The calculations are based on the likely future entitlements accruing to employees, based on years of service, years to entitlement, the likelihood that employees will reach the point of entitlement, and contractual entitlement information, and the present value of the estimated future cash flows. Remeasurements are recognised in surplus or deficit in the period in which they arise.

m) Funds Held in Trust

Funds are held in trust where they have been received by the School for a specified purpose, or are being held on behalf of a third party and these transactions are not recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose at any time.

n) Funds held for Capital works

The School directly receives funding from the Ministry of Education for capital works projects that are included in the School five year capital works agreement. These funds are held on behalf and for a specified purpose. As such, these transactions are not recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose at any time.

o) Provision for Cyclical Maintenance

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown, and is vested in the Ministry. The Ministry has gazetted a property occupancy document that sets out the Board's property maintenance responsibilities. The Board is responsible for maintaining the land, buildings and other facilities on the School site in a state of good order and repair.

Cyclical maintenance, which involves painting the interior and exterior of the school, makes up the most significant part of the Board's responsibilities outside day-to-day maintenance. The provision is a reasonable estimate, based on the School's best estimate of the cost of painting the school and when the school is required to be painted, based on an assessment of the school's condition.

The School carries out painting maintenance of the whole school over a 7 to 10 year period. The economic outflow of this is dependent on the plan established by the School to meet this obligation and is detailed in the notes and disclosures of these accounts.

p) Financial Instruments

The School's financial assets comprise cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and investments. All of these financial assets, except for investments that are shares, are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

The School's financial liabilities comprise accounts payable, borrowings, finance lease liability, and painting contract liability. Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and any gain or loss on derecognition are recognised in surplus or deficit.

q) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The financial statements have been prepared on a GST exclusive basis, with the exception of accounts receivable and accounts payable which are stated as GST inclusive.

The net amount of GST paid to, or received from, the IRD, including the GST relating to investing and financing activities, is classified as a net operating cash flow in the statement of cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed exclusive of GST.

r) Budget Figures

The budget figures are extracted from the School budget that was approved by the Board.

s) Services received in-kind

From time to time the School receives services in-kind, including the time of volunteers. The School has elected not to recognise services received in kind in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

2. Government Grants	2024	2024	2023
		Budget	
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Government Grants - Ministry of Education	2,357,688	2,073,801	2,081,653
Teachers' Salaries Grants	3,643,920	3,477,672	3,477,672
Use of Land and Buildings Grants	1,116,209	1,045,305	1,045,305
Ka Ora, Ka Ako - Healthy School Lunches Programme	798,712	•	747,906
	7,916,529	6,596,778	7,352,536
	7,910,029	0,030,770	7,002,000
3. Locally Raised Funds			
Local funds raised within the School's community are made up of:			
Local lunus raised within the School's community are made up of.	2024	2024	2023
	Actual	Budget	Actual
		(Unaudited)	
Revenue	\$	\$	\$
Donations and Bequests	1,610	2,000	37
Fees for Extra Curricular Activities	6,483	5,000	7,851
Fundraising and Community Grants	30,599	50,970	34,011
Other Revenue	20,248	12,000	15,210
	58,940	69,970	57,109
Expense			
Extra Curricular Activities Costs	5,779	4,000	10,871
Trading	•		122
Fundraising and Community Grant Costs	27,995	20,500	32,828
	33,774	24,500	43,821
Surplus/ (Deficit) for the year Locally Raised Funds	25,166	45,470	13,288
4. Learning Resources	2024	2024	2023
	Actual	Budget	Actual
	•	(Unaudited)	\$
	\$ 257.070		217,636
Curricular	257,970	322,785 83,000	69,435
Information and Communication Technology	72,431 4,127,725	3,955,393	3,677,165
Employee Benefits - Salaries	9,279	27,500	2,425
Staff Development	411,243	407,934	356,866
Depreciation Other Learning Resources	18,753	25,300	3,613
Other Learning Meadures			
	4,897,401	4,821,912	4,327,140

5. Administration	2024	2024	2023
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Audit Fees	10,130	8,941	8,353
Board Fees and Expenses	12,137	23,600	14,182
Other Administration Expenses	56,802	68,350	47,798
Employee Benefits - Salaries	230,425	234,636	216,452
Insurance	32,318	30,000	11,269
Service Providers, Contractors and Consultancy	8,730	8,615	8,349
Ka Ora, Ka Ako - Healthy School Lunches Programme	798,712	-	747,906
	1,149,254	374,142	1,054,309
6. Property	2024	2024	2023
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Consultancy and Contract Services	105,335	100,054	94,814
Cyclical Maintenance	48,352	25,423	59,406
Heat, Light and Water	53,739	64,000	61,404
Repairs and Maintenance	135,524	96,000	86,581
Use of Land and Buildings	1,116,209	1,045,305	1,045,305
Employee Benefits - Salaries	112,439	123,619	113,768
Other Property Expenses	127,217	122,700	37,817
	1,698,815	1,577,101	1,499,095

The use of land and buildings figure represents 5% of the school's total property value. Property values are established as part of the nation-wide revaluation exercise that is conducted every 30 June for the Ministry of Education's year-end reporting purposes.

2024	2024	2023
Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
\$	\$	\$
481,962	5,483	82,385
<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	760,832
481,962	5,483	843,217
	Actual \$ 481,962 -	Actual Budget (Unaudited) \$ 481,962 5,483

The carrying value of short-term deposits with original maturity dates of 90 days or less approximates their fair value.

8. Accounts Receivable	2024	2024	2023
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	(Onaddited)	\$
Interest Receivable	56,836	64,240	64,240
Banking Staffing Underuse			99,341
Teacher Salaries Grant Receivable	361,165	308,685	308,685
	418,001	372,925	472,266
Receivables from Exchange Transactions	56,836	64,240	64,240
Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions	361,165	308,685	408,026
	418,001	372,925	472,266
9. Inventories	9004	2024	2023
	2024	2024 Budget	2023
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Stationery	5,547	2,705	2,705
	5,547	2,705	2,705
10. Investments			
The School's investment activities are classified as follows:	unavar v		
	2024	2024	2023
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
Current Asset	\$	\$	\$
Short-term Bank Deposits	3,691,224	3,355,126	3,194,294
Total house dropped	3 691 224	3.355.126	3,194,294
Short-term Bank Deposits Total Investments	3,691,224	3,355,126	

11. Property, Plant and Equipment

	Opening Balance (NBV)	Additions	Disposals	Impairment	Depreciation	Total (NBV)
2024	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Building Improvements	2,066,287	476,260			(91,074)	2,451,473
Furniture and Equipment	754,752	304,512	(2,777)		(136,024)	920,463
Information and Communication Technology	183,609	211,677			(96,931)	298,355
Motor Vehicles	214,613	70,125		(9,941)	(69,318)	205,479
Leased Assets	25,448	12,685			(17,250)	20,883
Library Resources	23,341		(18,173)		(646)	4,522
	3,268,050	1,075,259	(20,950)	(9,941)	(411,243)	3,901,175

The net carrying value of Labtops held under a finance lease is \$20,882 (2023: \$25,448)

Restrictions

With the exception of the contractual restrictions related to the above noted finance leases, there are no restrictions over the title of the school's property, plant and equipment, nor are any property, plant and equipment pledged as security for liabilities.

	2024 Cost or Valuation \$	2024 Accumulated Depreciation \$	2024 Net Book Value \$	2023 Cost or Valuation \$	2023 Accumulated Depreciation \$	2023 Net Book Value \$
Building Improvements	3,174,867	(723,394)	2,451,473	2,698,607	(632,320)	2,066,287
Furniture and Equipment	2,300,570	(1,380,107)	920,463	2,014,558	(1,259,806)	754,752
Information and Communication Technology	641,655	(343,300)	298,355	457,023	(273,414)	183,609
Motor Vehicles	397,627	(192,148)	205,479	370,107	(155,494)	214,613
Leased Assets	67,155	(46,272)	20,883	54,470	(29,022)	25,448
Library Resources	24,368	(19,846)	4,522	110,044	(86,703)	23,341
	6,606,242	(2,705,067)	3,901,175	5,704,809	(2,436,759)	3,268,050
12. Accounts Payable				2024	2024	2023
				Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
				\$	\$	\$
Creditors				152,191	85,889	61,112
Employee Entitlements - Salaries		•		361,165	310,656	308,685
Employee Entitlements - Leave Ac	ccrual			18,182	•	18,217
				531,538	396,545	388,014
Payables for Exchange Transaction	ons			531,538	396,545	388,014
			_	531,538	396,545	388,014
The carrying value of payables ap	proximates their fair val	ue.				

13. Revenue Received in Advance	2024	2024	2023
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Grants in Advance - Ministry of Education	•	•	8,534
	-	-	8,534
14. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	0004	2024	2022
	2024 Actual	2024 Budget (Unaudited)	2023 Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Provision at the Start of the Year	78,115	54,963	69,469
Increase to the Provision During the Year	48,352	25,423	59,406
Use of the Provision During the Year	(34,836)	16,416	(50,760)
Provision at the End of the Year	91,631	96,802	78,115
Cyclical Maintenance - Current	2,887	2,887	6,736
Cyclical Maintenance - Non current	88,744	93,915	71,379
	91,631	96,802	78,115

Per the cyclical maintenance schedule, the School is next expected to undertake painting works during 2025. This plan is based of recent quotes.

15. Finance Lease Liability

The School has entered into a number of finance lease agreements for computers and other ICT equipment. Minimum lease payments payable:

	2024	2024	2023
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
No Later than One Year	15,709	15,200	14,864
Later than One Year and no Later than Five Years	10,754	16,900	14,286
Future Finance Charges	(2,239)	(6,463)	(2,785)
	24,224	25,637	26,365
Represented by			40.00
Finance lease liability - Current	14,070	16,770	12,927
Finance lease liability - Non current	10,154	8,867	13,437
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	24,224	25,637	26,364

16. Funds Held for Capital Works Projects

During the year the School received and applied funding from the Ministry of Education for the following capital works projects. The amount of cash held on behalf of the Ministry for capital works project is included under cash and cash equivalents in note 7, and includes retentions on the projects, if applicable.

2024	Opening Balances \$	Receipts from MOE \$	Payments \$	Board Contributions \$	Closing Balances \$
MOE 5YA Project - Blocks 1,2,3,5,8,9,10,11 Carpet & Aı			(1,394)	-	(1,394)
MOE 5YA Project - Blocks 1,2,3,5,8,9,10,11 Electrical	-	-	(1,393)		(1,393)
Upgrades SIP Blocks 1,3,5,8,11,13 Minor Plumbing Works	17,660	•	(17,660)	-	
Totals	17,660	-	(20,447)	-	(2,787)
Represented by: Funds Held on Behalf of the Ministry of Education Funds Receivable from the Ministry of Education					- (2,787)
2023	Opening Balances \$	Receipts from MOE \$	Payments	Board Contributions \$	Closing Balances \$
MOE Sip Funding	6,326	-	(6,326)	-	47.000
SIP Blocks 1,3,5,8,11,13 Minor Plumbing Works	-	19,804	(2,143)	•	17,660 -
Totals	6,326	19,804	(8,469)	-	17,660
Represented by: Funds Held on Behalf of the Ministry of Education Funds Receivable from the Ministry of Education					17,660 -

17. Related Party Transactions

The School is a controlled entity of the Crown, and the Crown provides the major source of revenue to the School. The School enters into transactions with other entities also controlled by the Crown, such as government departments, state-owned enterprises and other Crown entities. Transactions with these entities are not disclosed as they occur on terms and conditions no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted if dealing with that entity at arm's length.

Related party disclosures have not been made for transactions with related parties that are within a normal supplier or client/recipient relationship on terms and condition no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the School would have adopted in dealing with the party at arm's length in the same circumstances. Further, transactions with other government agencies (for example, Government departments and Crown entities) are not disclosed as related party transactions when they are consistent with the normal operating arrangements between government agencies and undertaken on the normal terms and conditions for such transactions.

18. Remuneration

Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel of the School include all Board members, Principal, Deputy Principals and Heads of Departments.

	2024 Actual \$	2023 Actual \$
Board Members Remuneration	4,180	4,100
Leadership Team Remuneration Full-time equivalent members	1,038,038 8	1,008,031 8
Total key management personnel remuneration	1,042,218	1,012,131

There are 7 members of the Board excluding the Principal. The Board has held 6 full meetings of the Board in the year. The Board also has 4 Finance members and 2 Property members committees that meet monthly and quarterly respectively. As well as these regular meetings, including preparation time, the Presiding member and other Board members have also been involved in ad hoc meetings to consider student welfare matters including stand downs, suspensions, and other disciplinary matters.

Principal

The total value of remuneration paid or payable to the Principal was in the following bands:

	2024	2023
	Actual	Actual
Salaries and Other Short-term Employee Benefits:	\$000	\$000
Salary and Other Payments	180-190	180-190
Benefits and Other Emoluments	0-5	0-5
Termination Repetits	-	•

Other Employees

The number of other employees with remuneration greater than \$100,000 was in the following bands:

Remuneration \$000	2024 FTE Number	2023 FTE Number
100 - 110 110 - 120	11.00 3.00	1.00 5.00
120 - 130	4.00	-
130 - 140	-	-
140 - 150	1.00	1.00
	19	7

The disclosure for 'Other Employees' does not include remuneration of the Principal.

19. Contingencies

There are no contingent liabilities (except as noted below) and no contingent assets as at 31 December 2024 (Contingent liabilities and assets at 31 December 2023: nil).

Holidays Act Compliance - Schools Payroll

The Ministry of Education performs payroll processing and payments on behalf of boards, through payroll service provider, Education Payroll Limited.

The Ministry continues to review the Schools Sector Payroll to ensure compliance with the Holidays Act 2003. An initial remediation payment has been made to some current school employees. The Ministry is continuing to perform detailed analysis to finalise calculations and the potential impacts of specific individuals. As such, this is expected to resolve the liability for school boards.

Pay Equity and Collective Agreement Funding Wash-up

In 2024 the Ministry of Education provided additional funding for both the Support Staff in Schools' Collective Agreement (CA) Settlement and the Teacher Aide Pay Equity Settlement. At the date of signing the financial statements the School's final entitlement for the year ended 31 December 2024 has not yet been advised. The School has therefore not recognised an asset or a liability regarding this funding wash-up, which is expected to be settled in July 2025.

20. Commitments

(a) Capital Commitments

At 31 December 2024, the Board had no capital commitments (2023:\$17,660):

The Board receives funding from the Ministry of Education for Capital Works which is disclosed in note 16.

21. Financial Instruments

The carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities in each of the financial instrument categories are as follows:

Financial assets measured at amortised cost

I mancial assets measured at amortised cost	2024	2024	2023
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Cash and Cash Equivalents	481,962	5,483	843,217
Receivables	418,001	372,925	472,266
Investments - Term Deposits	3,691,224	3,355,126	3,194,294
Total financial assets measured at amortised cost	4,591,187	3,733,534	4,509,777
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost			
Payables	531,538	396,545	388,014
Finance Leases	24,224	25,637	26,364
Total financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	555,762	422,182	414,378

22. Events After Balance Date

There were no significant events after the balance date that impact these financial statements.

23. Comparatives

There have been a number of prior period comparatives which have been reclassified to make disclosure consistent with the current year.



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Readers of Clendon Park School's Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 31 December 2024

The Auditor-General is the auditor of Clendon Park School (the School). The Auditor-General has appointed me, Bonita Swanepoel, using the staff and resources of William Buck Audit (NZ) Limited, to carry out the audit of the financial statements of the School on his behalf.

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the School on pages 2 to 18, that comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2024, the statement of comprehensive revenue and expense, statement of changes in net assets/equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended on that date, and the notes to the financial statements that include accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion the financial statements of the School:

- present fairly, in all material respects:
 - its financial position as at 31 December 2024; and
 - its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended; and
- comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand in accordance with PBE Accounting Standards (PBE IPSAS) Reduced Disclosure Regime.

Our audit was completed on 24 May 2025. This is the date at which our opinion is expressed.

The basis for our opinion is explained below. In addition, we outline the responsibilities of the Board and our responsibilities relating to the financial statements, we comment on other information, and we explain our independence.

Basis for our opinion

We carried out our audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the Professional and Ethical Standards and the International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand) issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board.

Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Responsibilities of the auditor section of our report. We have fulfilled our responsibilities in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

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Responsibilities of the Board for the financial statements

The Board is responsible on behalf of the School for preparing financial statements that are fairly presented and that comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand.

The Board is responsible for such internal control as it determines is necessary to enable it to prepare financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board is responsible on behalf of the School for assessing the School's ability to continue as a going concern. The Board is also responsible for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting, unless there is an intention to close or merge the School, or there is no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board's responsibilities, arise from section 134 of the Education and training Act 2020.

Responsibilities of the auditor for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements, as a whole, are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit carried out in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements are differences or omissions of amounts or disclosures, and can arise from fraud or error. Misstatements are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the decisions of readers taken on the basis of these financial statements.

For the budget information reported in the financial statements, our procedures were limited to checking that the information agreed to the School's approved budget.

We did not evaluate the security and controls over the electronic publication of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. Also:

- We identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- We obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the School's internal control.
- We evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board.
- We conclude on the appropriateness of the use of the going concern basis of accounting by the Board and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the School's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our



opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the School to cease to continue as a going concern.

- We evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a
 manner that achieves fair presentation.
- We assess the risk of material misstatement arising from the school payroll system, which may still contain errors. As a result, we carried out procedures to minimise the risk of material errors arising from the system that, in our judgement, would likely influence readers' overall understanding of the financial statements.

We communicate with the Board regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Our responsibilities arises from the Public Audit Act 2001.

Other information

The Board of Trustees is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report being the Statement of variance, Evaluation and Analysis of Student Progress and Achievement, Te Tiriti o Waitangi, Kiwisport Report, Statement of Compliance with Employment Policy and Members of the Board of Trustees, but does not include the financial statements, and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of audit opinion or assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information. In doing so, we consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on our work, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Independence

We are independent of the School in accordance with the independence requirements of the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the independence requirements of Professional and Ethical Standard 1 *International Code of Ethics for Assurance Practitioners* issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board.

Other than the audit, we have no relationship with or interests in the School.

Benita Swanepoel.

Bonita Swanepoel
William Buck Audit (NZ) Limited
On behalf of the Auditor-General
Auckland, New Zealand